

with us. At all events, you may depend on me for coming to a settlement some way or other, as it is impossible to go on any longer without it.

R. D.

*Mr. Jacob Franks,*

*La Baye.*

*Per Wee-nu-sate, with good news.*

#### DICKSON TO LOUIS GRIGNON

MICHILIMACKINAC, September 8, 1812.

*Dear Sir:*—Ten days ago we learned by Mr. Livingston that Detroit had surrendered to Gen. Brock on the 16th of last month. Gen. Hull, after all his vaunts, was obliged to deliver up his sword and two thousand seven hundred of their troops to Gen. Brock. They have all left Detroit. Gen. Proctor, of the Forty-First Reg't commands there; and Gen. Brock has departed in order to attack Niagara.

M. Ducharme arrived eight days ago from Montreal by express. British troops daily arrive at Quebec, and are at once dispatched to the line. Thus far no fighting. The Americans are collected, and all ready, but they do not at all wish to fight.

M. Berthelot and La Croix have come from Detroit. \* \* \* Five canoes on the way from Felix.

My opinion is that peace will come very soon, and I hope that all things will be well.

The Indians [couriers?] are in a hurry to start; but I will write you more fully by the first opportunity.

Wishing health to you as well as to your family, I am, my dear sir,

Your humble servant,

*Lieut. Louis Grignon, La Baye.*

R. DICKSON.

#### DICKSON TO JOHN LAWE

WINNEBAGO LAKE, November 14, 1813.

*Dear Sir:*—This will be handed to you by Mr. Chandonnet, whom I send to La Baye in order to expedite the boats, which have been left in the small lake below this. No expense must be spared, as without a supply of provisions the